

B.Sc. Semester - 5 (CBCS) Examination

Oct/Nov.- 2024 (Old Course)

MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS-1 AND ABSTRACT ALGEBRA-1 (CORE)

Time: 2:30 Hours

Marks: 70

Instructions:

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Figures to the right indicate marks.

- Que.1(A) Attempt any one out of two. (07)
1. Prove that a map $d: X \times X \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ defined by $d(x, y) = \begin{cases} 0, & x = y \\ 1, & x \neq y \end{cases}; \forall x, y \in X$ is a metric on a non-empty set X .
 2. State and prove necessary and sufficient condition for open set in metric space.
- Que.1(B) Answer any one out of two. (04)
1. Find the δ -neighbourhood of a point of a discrete metric space.
 2. Prove that a neighbourhood of a point of a metric space is an open set.
- Que.1(C) Answer any one out of two. (03)
1. Prove that the finite subset of a metric space is closed.
 2. Find all interior points of the set $\{1, 2\}$ of the discrete metric space $\mathbb{R}$.
- Que.2(A) Attempt any one out of two. (07)
1. State and prove necessary and sufficient condition for a bounded function f on $[a, b]$ to be R-integrable.
 2. If a bounded function $f \in R[a, b]$ then $|f| \in R[a, b]$ and $|\int_a^b f(x)dx| \leq \int_a^b |f(x)|dx$
- Que.2(B) Attempt any one out of two. (04)
1. Find $\int_0^1 x^2 dx$ by first definition of Riemann integration.
 2. If f is continuous on $[a, b]$ then $f \in R[a, b]$.
- Que.2(C) Attempt any one out of two. (03)
1. Prove that $\int_a^b f(x)dx \leq \int_a^{\bar{b}} f(x)dx$
 2. State Darboux theorem.
- Que.3(A) Attempt any one out of two. (07)
1. State and prove fundamental theorem of integration.
 2. Show that G is a commutative group if $(ab)^i = a^i b^i; \forall a, b \in G$ for any three consecutive integers.
- Que.3(B) Attempt any one out of two. (04)
1. State and prove first mean value theorem of integral calculus.
 2. Check whether $*$ is a binary operation or not : $a * b = a + b - ab; \forall a, b \in \mathbb{R} - \{1\}$
- Que.3(C) Attempt any one out of two. (03)
1. Evaluate: $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} n \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{n^2 + k^2}$
 2. Prove that every element of a finite group is of finite order.
- Que.4(A) Attempt any one out of two. (07)
1. State and prove Lagrange's theorem for a Finite Group.
 2. Prove that the composition of two disjoint cycles in S_n is commutative.
- Que.4(B) Attempt any one out of two. (04)
1. Prove that the intersection of two subgroups of a group is again a subgroup.
 2. Let G be a finite group and let $a \in G$ be a fixed element of G . Then prove that $f_a: G \rightarrow G$ defined as $f_a(x) = xa; \forall x \in G$ is a permutation on G .

Que.4(C) Attempt any one out of two. (03)

1. Let $H \leq G$ and let $a, b \in G$. Prove : $a \in H$ iff $H = H_a$.

2. Check whether the permutation $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \\ 8 & 2 & 6 & 3 & 7 & 4 & 5 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ is even or odd.

Que.5(A) Attempt any one out of two. (07)

1. A subgroup H of a group G is a normal subgroup of G iff $aHa^{-1} \subseteq H; \forall a \in G$.

2. Prove that an infinite cyclic group has exactly two generators.

Que.5(B) Attempt any one out of two. (04)

1. Show that $(\mathbb{R}_+, \bullet) \cong (\mathbb{R}, +)$

2. State and prove Cayley's theorem.

Que.5(C) Attempt any one two. (03)

1. Check whether S_3 and $\mathbb{Z}_6$ are isomorphic or not.

2. Define Automorphism.
